REMARKS

After entry of the amendments herein, claims 1-17 shall be pending in the subject application. Claims 6-8, 11-12, and 15 have been withdrawn from further consideration. Claims 1, 4, 5, and 14 been amended herein, and claims 16 and 17 have been newly added herein, in order to more particularly point out and distinctly claim subject matter. The Applicants respectfully submit that no new matter has been added. It is believed that this paper is fully responsive to the Office Action dated August 17, 2011.

1. The Examiner has rejected claims 4, 5, and 14 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph.

Claims 4, 5, and 14 have been amended herein, in a manner intended to overcome this rejection.

In view of the above, Applicants respectfully submit that this rejection should be withdrawn.

2. The Examiner has rejected claims 1-5, 9-10 and 14 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0148499 (Tanaka '499).

Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, for the following reasons.

There are substantial, important differences between the art relied upon by the Examiner and the combinations of features as set forth in the claims.

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has the burden of proof to show that an applicant

is not entitled to a patent if the claimed subject matter is anticipated by, or is obvious from, the

art of record. A patent applicant is entitled to a patent unless the U.S. Patent and Trademark

Office establishes otherwise.

The Examiner has suggested that Tanaka '499 shows a cell heating step performed

before a string step.

However, in the subject application, the cell heating step is performed after the string

step.

Tanaka '499 fails to describe, teach, or suggest the combination of features as set forth

in claim 1, as amended, including at least the following features: "A method of manufacturing a

solar battery by electrically connecting a plurality of cells to one another using connection

members, comprising the following steps in the order named: ... a string step of connecting the

connection members to the cells by soldering; and a cell heating step of heating the cells

connected to the connection members." The amendment to claim 1 herein is supported by the

original disclosure (see page 13, lines 19-24, for example).

The new/unexpected/favorable results are discussed in the original disclosure (see, for

example, page 13, line 11 to page 17, line 1).

In view of the above, Applicants respectfully submit that the rejection of claim 1 should be withdrawn. It is submitted that the rejection of claims 2-5, 9, 10, and 14 should be withdrawn by virtue of their dependency.

3. The Examiner has rejected claim 13 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over
U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0148499 (Tanaka '499) as applied to

claim 1 above, and further in view of JP 2003-168811 (Tanaka '811).

Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, for the following reasons.

There are substantial, important differences between the art relied upon by the Examiner and the combinations of features as set forth in the claims.

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has the burden of proof to show that an applicant is not entitled to a patent if the claimed subject matter is anticipated by, or is obvious from, the art of record. A patent applicant is entitled to a patent unless the U.S. Patent and Trademark

Office establishes otherwise.

Tanaka '811 fails to remedy the above-described deficiencies of Tanaka '499 regarding

base claim 1. Claim 13 depends from claim 1.

Tanaka '811 and Tanaka '499, alone or in combination, fail to describe, teach, or

suggest the combination of features as set forth in claim 1, as amended, including at least the

following features: "A method of manufacturing a solar battery by electrically connecting a

plurality of cells to one another using connection members, comprising the following steps in the

order named: ... a string step of connecting the connection members to the cells by soldering;

and a cell heating step of heating the cells connected to the connection members."

Accordingly, in view of the above remarks and amendments, Applicants respectfully

submit that this rejection of claim 13 should be withdrawn by virtue of its dependency.

4. The Examiner has rejected claims 1-5, 9, 10, and 14 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being

unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,446,302 (Carey) in view of JP 05-245622

(Kawamata).

Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, for the following reasons.

There are substantial, important differences between the art relied upon by the Examiner

and the combinations of features as set forth in the claims.

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has the burden of proof to show that an applicant

is not entitled to a patent if the claimed subject matter is anticipated by, or is obvious from, the

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art of record. A patent applicant is entitled to a patent unless the U.S. Patent and Trademark

Office establishes otherwise.

Carey discloses electrical interconnects for solar cells, and a "fluxless solder cream"

(column 1, line 61). Also, Carey discloses that interconnects can break due to high temperature

required for soldering (column 1, lines 11-15; column 1, lines 31-32). Additionally, an object of

the Carey disclosure is to eliminate solar cell breakage caused by soldering.

The Examiner has not identified any portion o Carey, regarding "a cell heating step of

heating the cells connected to the connection members" as recited in claim 1.

In order to attempt to remedy such deficiencies in Carey, the Examiner has tried to rely

on Kawamata.

Kawamata discloses reheating a soldered object (paragraph [0013]).

This rejection of claim 1 is improper and should be withdrawn, because: Carey would

cease to operate as intended if an extra heating step of Kawamata were to be added to the Carey

procedure (since Carey's object is to reduce a need to heat in order to reduce the frequency of

breakage due to heating); Carey uses a "fluxless solder cream" and thus Carey would not utilize

Kawamata's reheating step which is intended to remove Kawamata's flux residue; and Carey

should not be modified and combined with Kawamata in the manner suggested by the

Examiner, in view of the above discussion.

In Carey, it is written that the cell is cured at room temperature in one example (col. 3,

line 45) (see also col. 2, line 4). Thus, EXAMPLE I of Carey is different from the features of the

subject application about this point. In EXAMPLE I of Carey, "cured at room temperature" and

"Utilizing this process there is no heating ..." (col. 3, line 60) are written. According to such a

description, the disclosure of Carey is different from the features of the subject application.

Thus, it is not possible to combine Carey and Kawamata. Also, it would not be reasonable to

try to combine Carey and Kawamata.

In Carey, it is written that "(Pb-Sn) no-clean fluxless surface mount solder cream" is

used (col. 1, lines 40-43). In EXAMPLE II of Carey, it is written that "Pb-Sn no-clean surface

mount solder cream" is used (col. 4, lines 5-7). And "no additional flux" is written too. On the

other hand, in the features of the subject application, the flux is applied before soldering. Thus,

the teachings of Carey are different from the features of the subject application and it is not

possible to combine Carey and Kawamata. Also, it would not be reasonable to try to combine

Carey and Kawamata.

"Pb-Sn no-clean fluxless solder cream" cannot be regarded as the flux set forth in the

features of the subject application. In the features of the subject application, the flux is applied

separate from the solder.

Accordingly, in view of the above remarks and amendments, Applicants respectfully

submit that this rejection of claim 1 should be withdrawn. It is submitted that this rejection of

claims 2-5, 9, 10, and 14 should be withdrawn by virtue of their dependency.

5. The Examiner has rejected claim 13 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over

U.S. Patent No. 5,446,302 (Carey) in view of JP 05-245622 (Kawamata) as applied to

claim 1 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,074,920 (Gonsiorawski) and

JP2003-168811 (Tanaka '811).

Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, for the following reasons.

There are substantial, important differences between the art relied upon by the Examiner

and the combinations of features as set forth in the claims.

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has the burden of proof to show that an applicant

is not entitled to a patent if the claimed subject matter is anticipated by, or is obvious from, the

art of record. A patent applicant is entitled to a patent unless the U.S. Patent and Trademark

Office establishes otherwise.

Gonsiorawski and Tanaka '811 fail to remedy the above-described deficiencies of

Carey and Kawamata regarding base claim 1, as discussed in Section 4 herein above. Claim 13

depends from claim 1.

Accordingly, in view of the above remarks and amendments, Applicants respectfully

submit that this rejection of claim 13 should be withdrawn by virtue of its dependency.

6. Claims 16 and 17

Claim 16 depends from claim 1 and thus it is believed that claim 16 is not taught by the

cited art for the same reasons as discussed above.

Claim 17 sets forth a combination of features including at least "A method of

manufacturing a solar battery by electrically connecting a plurality of cells to one another using

connection members, comprising the following steps in the order named: ... a string step of

connecting the connection members to the cells by soldering; and a cell heating step of heating

the cells connected to the connection members, wherein the flux is applied before the soldering."

It is submitted that the cited art fails to describe, teach, or suggest that combination of features, in

view of the above remarks concerning the disclosures of the cited art.

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If, for any reason, it is felt that this application is not now in condition for allowance, the

Examiner is requested to contact the Applicants' undersigned attorney at the telephone number

indicated below to arrange for an interview to expedite the disposition of this case.

In the event that this paper is not timely filed, the Applicants respectfully petitions for an

appropriate extension of time. Please charge any fees for such an extension of time and any

other fees which may be due with respect to this paper, to Deposit Account No. 01-2340.

Respectfully submitted,

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